

UNCLASSIFIED

AD NUMBER

AD510206

CLASSIFICATION CHANGES

TO: unclassified

FROM: confidential

LIMITATION CHANGES

TO:
Approved for public release, distribution
unlimited

FROM:
Controlling DoD Organization. Assistant
Chief of Staff for Force Development
[Army], Washington, DC 20310.

AUTHORITY

GDS, DoD 5200.1-R; AGO D/A ltr, 29 Apr
1980

THIS PAGE IS UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

AD NUMBER
AD510206
CLASSIFICATION CHANGES
TO
confidential
FROM
secret
AUTHORITY
28 Feb 1973, per document marking, DoDD 5200.10

THIS PAGE IS UNCLASSIFIED

THIS REPORT HAS BEEN DELIMITED
AND CLEARED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE
UNDER E.O. DIRECTIVE 5200.20 AND
NO RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED UPON
ITS USE AND DISCLOSURE.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE;
DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

GENERAL DECLASSIFICATION SCHEDULE

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH
DOD 5200.1-R & EXECUTIVE ORDER 11652**

THIS DOCUMENT IS:

**Subject to General Declassification Schedule of
Executive Order 11652-Automatically Downgraded at
2 Years Intervals- DECLASSIFIED ON DECEMBER 31, 1978**

BY

**Defense Documentation Center
Defense Supply Agency
Cameron Station
Alexandria, Virginia 22314**

BEST

AVAILABLE

COPY

SECURITY

MARKING

The classified or limited status of this report applies to each page, unless otherwise marked.

Separate page printouts MUST be marked accordingly.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE LAWS, TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTIONS 793 AND 794. THE TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW.

NOTICE: When government or other drawings, specifications or other data are used for any purpose other than in connection with a definitely related government procurement operation, the U. S. Government thereby incurs no responsibility, nor any obligation whatsoever; and the fact that the Government may have formulated, furnished, or in any way supplied the said drawings, specifications, or other data is not to be regarded by implication or otherwise as in any manner licensing the holder or any other person or corporation, or conveying any rights or permission to manufacture, use or sell any patented invention that may in any way be related thereto.



SECRET

**DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310**

IN REPLY REFER TO

AGDA (M) (18 Jun 70)

FOR OT UT 701211

29 June 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 2d Infantry Division, Period Ending 31 January 1970 (U)

AD 510206

SEE DISTRIBUTION

*This document contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, United States Code, and the transmission or revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law.

1. Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation in accordance with paragraph 4b, AR 525-15. Information of actions initiated as a result of subject report should be forwarded to ACSFOR OT UT within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.

2. Information contained in this report is provided to insure appropriate benefits in the future from lessons learned during current operations and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

**KENNETH G. WICKHAM
Major General, USA
The Adjutant General**

1 Inct
as

DISTRIBUTION:

Commanding Generals

US Continental Army Command

US Army Combat Developments Command

Commandants

US Army War College

US Army Command and General Staff College

US Army Armor School

US Army Aviation School

US Army Combat Surveillance School

US Army Electronic Warfare School

US Army Engineer School

US Army Field Artillery School

US Army Infantry School

US Army Transportation School

Copies furnished:
Office, Chief of Staff, US Army

**Regraded unclassified when separated
from classified inclosure.**

Best Available Copy

SECRET

2006914

SECRET

DISTRIBUTION (Cont'd)

Deputy Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Research and Development

Assistant Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Engineers

Commanding Generals

III Corps, ATTN: Project MASSTER

2d Infantry Division

Commandant of the Marine Corps

Defense Documentation Center

Commanding Officers

US Army Limited War Laboratory

US Army Logistics, Doctrine Systems & Readiness Agency

US Army Mobility Equipment Research & Development Center

SECRET

SECRET



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS 2D INFANTRY DIVISION
APO SAN FRANCISCO 96224

EAIDGO-O

2:11 10

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) (U)

THRU: Commanding General, I Corps (Gp), ATTN: EACICT-T
APO San Francisco 96358
Commanding General, Eighth US Army, ATTN: EAGO-MH,
APO San Francisco 96301
Commanding General, USARPAC, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO
San Francisco 96558

TO: ACSFOR, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

1. (S) Section 1. Operations: Significant Activities.

a. **Increased Cavalry Troop Capabilities:** General Order 524, dated 24 January 1969, reorganized the 4th Squadron, 7th Cavalry under TOE 17-105G. This reorganization increased personnel and equipment authorizations and enabled the Cav Sqdn to organize "D" Troop which was previously at a zero strength level for personnel and equipment. The Air Cav Troop now has operational control of one UH-1B and three OH-23G helicopters and is assigned two officers, three warrant officers, and 36 EM. An additional UH-1B and UH-1D are operated and maintained by the 2d Avn Bn pending an increase in the 4-7 Cav Sqdn maintenance capability. This reorganization essentially extends the capability of the squadron to perform its normal reconnaissance and security missions. While the troop configuration lacks an aero-weapons section, with projected assets the troop will possess adequate command and control resources, an aero-scout capability, and a limited lift capability for employment of an aero-rifle element or quick reaction force. The troop has now initiated quick reaction force and aerial gunnery training.

FOR OT UT
701211
Inclosure

2006914

1

DDO CONTROL
NO. 192186

SECRET

**DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS;
DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.
DOD DIR 5200.10**

SECRET

EAIDGO-O

23 FEB 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) (U)

b. During the period 19-21 November 1969, the 2d Infantry Division conducted a communications exercise designed to evaluate the adequacy of the Division Tactical Communications System under normal operating conditions. Additionally, the exercise served as a vehicle to acquaint commanders and staffs with the capabilities and limitations of the tactical communications system available to them. All division radio nets and tactical radio relay and wire systems were utilized. The reliability of the tactical system as a whole was extremely high. Exceptions were the high frequency, AM radio communications and off-line encryption systems which were experiencing a high deadline rate. The exercise provided excellent training for communications personnel and pointed out that operator proficiency and equipment maintenance need additional emphasis.

c. The POL restrictions implemented in November 1969, four months after the beginning of the fiscal year, were reflected in the operations and training of the Division. Tactical operations were reduced in scope and only the minimum amount of training was conducted. A projection of POL requirements indicated that even these essential activities would be reduced unless relief was granted. Consequently an additional POL allocation was requested and approved. 12.5% increase in MOGAS allocation and a 6.45% increase in Diesel was allocated and should provide sufficient POL for the conduct of essential operations and training for the remainder of the fiscal year.

d. The 2d Infantry Division has received six AN/PPS-5 radars. This radar should eventually replace the AN/TPS-33 and the AN/PPS-4 radars in all 2d Infantry Division units. The Army Electronics Command (ECOM) conducted a one week operations and maintenance course for this equipment in December 1969. Two AN/PPS-5 radars are currently employed south of the IMJIN River in conjunction with operation KICKAPOO (Anti-agent surveillance of IMJIN River) and two are employed in locations forward of the IMJIN River to monitor North Korean activity. Initial reports from radar operators have been favorable and indicate that readout from the two visual scopes reduces operator fatigue and permits exact determination of direction and azimuth.

e. During December 1969, a study was conducted to determine the extent of the North Korean infiltration threat in the 97th ROK Regimental Combat Team (RCT) area of responsibility (AOR). In addition this study assessed

SECRET

EAIDGO-O

23 FEB 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) (U)

additional measures which might be employed to counter the threat. Conclusions were that the North Korean agent infiltration threat in this sector is significant and the 97th RCT counter-infiltration posture should be improved to meet the future threat. To counter this increased infiltration threat, construction of a seven kilometer chain link fence was approved and is now being constructed by the 97th RCT along their front on the Han River vic BS 966817 to BS 963858. Materials were provided mainly by Eighth US Army. Future construction efforts will be directed towards construction of an IMJIN River barrier, vic cord CS 002913 to CS 012902 and erection of 3-4 man observation towers in high priority infiltration areas. The proposed IMJIN River barrier will consist of an illuminated physical barrier system suspended from floating buoys. Lights will be mounted on every third buoy to illuminate the river and a complex of anti-swimmer fishhooks will be suspended at random lengths between the buoys to prevent enemy agents from using the river as a means of infiltration/exfiltration. Observation of this barrier will be augmented by searchlights positioned on the high ground on each shore.

f. To increase the effectiveness of the barrier fence the following projects are in progress:

(1) ARPA fence: An instrumented fence designed by Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA) has been installed in conjunction with the Chain Link barrier fence for evaluation along a three kilometer section of the 2-38th/1-23d Infantry sector along the DMZ. The ARPA fence is a six-strand barbed wire fence which sounds an alarm when any of the wires are cut, when a pressure exceeding ten (10) pounds is exerted on the wires, or when the fence is short-circuited. Based on availability of funds and the results of this evaluation, additional ARPA fence may be installed within the 2d Infantry Division.

(2) Barrier Lighting: The 2d Infantry Division is attempting to augment surveillance of the barrier fence through the use of lights and at the present time approximately five kilometers of fence have been lighted using local resources. ARPA has expressed interest in construction of a lighting system along the fence and plans to construct a two kilometer test section by 1 October 1970. After evaluation of the initial test section is completed it is anticipated that an additional 22 kilometers of barrier lighting will be constructed.

g. Revision of the 2-9th Inf Bn (M) mission: The 2-9th Inf Bn (M) has been permanently employed north of the IMJIN River with one company on the

SECRET

SECRET

EAIDGO-O

23 FEB 70

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) (U)

barrier since December 1968. To reduce the operational commitment of the 2-9th Inf (M) and to afford the unit additional time to conduct training, the unit was relieved of its mission to maintain one company size force on the barrier, effective 15 December 1969. The 2-9th Inf (M) is now under the operational control of the 1st Bde which has also assumed the mission of providing security for LIBBY Bridge vic CT 096013 (performed by the 2-9th Inf (M)) and the responsibility for an extended TAOR (500 meters north of LIBBY Bridge vic CT 095017 extending southwest along Route 12 to vic CS 060984).

h. Rehabilitation of Guard Posts (GP): Rehabilitation of the eleven Guard Posts in the 2d Infantry Division sector of the DMZ, as outlined in the last report, continued until mid-January when weather halted the construction season. At this time rehabilitation of two of the eleven Guard Posts (GP) has been completed. Rehabilitation of the remaining Guard Posts is approximately 25% completed. In addition a chain link fence similar to the barrier fence has been constructed around GP Lucy to provide additional security and protection. Chain Link fences will be constructed around six of the remaining ten GPs, which are considered to be exposed and vulnerable.

i. Direct Aviation Support: During this reporting period one additional OH-23G and four additional UH-1 aircraft were received by the 2d Infantry Division bringing the Aviation Battalion total to 16 OH-23 and 16 UH-1 aircraft. 2d Aviation Battalion has now initiated direct aviation support and OH-23 aircraft are now provided on call to the Commanders of each infantry brigade, Div Arty, DISCOM, and the Engineer Battalion.

j. Mineclearing: The Dong Nam Kae Bal Song Sa (Korean contractor) continued its minefield clearing operations and scrap collecting within the 2d Infantry Division area north of the IMJIN River. This was accomplished under the supervision of the Division Engineers. Approximately 7,100 anti-personnel and anti-tank mines were cleared during this reporting period prior to the termination of mine clearing operations in mid-January due to the frozen ground conditions.

k. Observation Post Construction: During this reporting period the 2d Engineer Battalion constructed eight ground observation posts and two air observation posts along the IMJIN River in the Division area.

SECRET

SECRET

EAIDGO-O

28 FEB 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for the Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) (U)

1. The organization and mission of the Counter Agent Company (CAC), consisting of approximately 200 KATUSA personnel are being revised to give this unit a Long Range Reconnaissance Patrol (LRRP) type capability. It is envisioned that under wartime conditions this unit would be employed as twelve LRRPs, initially by the use of the stay-behind patrols and exfiltrating by means of escape and evasion. A training program for 100 of the CAC personnel was completed on 30 January at the Division's Advanced Combat Training Academy (ACTA). These personnel will provide the nucleus for the LRRP platoons and company headquarters. One Conventional Counter Agent platoon as well as a covert platoon will be retained in the unit's organization.

2. (C) Section 2, Lessons Learned: Commanders Observations, Evaluations, and Recommendations:

a. Personnel: None.

b. Intelligence: None.

c. Operations:

(1) Observation: Four anti-intrusion systems have been evaluated to determine the effectiveness of each system in countering infiltration/exfiltration attempts along the barrier fence. Systems evaluated were: Line Sensors, Surveillance-Target Acquisition-Night Observation (STANO), ARPA Fence, and Barrier Lighting.

(2) Evaluation:

(a) The Line Sensor System utilized Balanced Pressure Systems, Unattended Seismic Detectors, Infrared Intrusion Detectors, Multipurpose Concealed Intrusion Detectors, and associated equipment for relay and display of intrusion alarms. Evaluation of the system determined that:

1 Effective surveillance of the system required more personnel than were originally required to man the barrier fence.

2 Maintenance requirements were excessive.

3 Infiltrators attempting to penetrate the system must be delayed for effective verification of sensor alarms.

5
SECRET

CONFIDENTIAL

EAIDGO-O

23 FEB 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) (U)

4 Present equipment is not ideally suited to weather conditions encountered in Korea.

(b) A test of the STANO system evaluated unattended ground sensors, radars, night vision equipment, and their effectiveness in supporting a battalion in mid-intensity conflict night operations. It was found that selected items of STANO equipment enhanced the effectiveness of the battalion; however for this effectiveness to be maintained, augmentation above present TOE authorizations for STANO equipment and improvements in the logistics system are necessary. In addition, some items of STANO equipment require improvement from the standpoint of human factors, engineering, and performance. Night observation devices and searchlights are satisfactory as presently designed, and are currently being used to augment the 2d Infantry Division's anti-infiltration mission along the DMZ.

(c) An evaluation of barrier fence operations was conducted by the 1-23d Infantry Battalion along its sector in October 1969. The evaluation was conducted by having selected teams of experienced personnel attempt to penetrate the barrier fence. Attempts were made against the following systems:

- 1 Unlighted Non-ARPA Fence.
- 2 Lighted Non-ARPA Fence.
- 3 Unlighted ARPA Fence.
- 4 Lighted ARPA Fence.

(d) Results of the evaluation indicated that the most effective barrier system consisted of a lighted ARPA fence. It is significant that no successful penetrations were made against any sector of lighted barrier fence and the lighted barrier fence alone proved more effective than the unlighted ARPA/Barrier Fence.

(e) Comparison of the various anti-intrusion systems tested indicates that the most effective deterrent to barrier penetration attempts is a lighted barrier fence.

CONFIDENTIAL

HAIDGO-O

23 FEB 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI) (U)

(3) Recommendation: That high priority be given to installation of a barrier lighting system across the 2d Infantry Division sector.

d. Organization: None.

e. Training: None.

f. Logistics: Commercial Cargo and Dump Truck Services:

(1) Observation: Effective 1 January 1970, commercial cargo and dump truck contractual services in the Division area were terminated.

(2) Evaluation: Termination of commercial hauling has necessitated the use of organic vehicles to perform these services. The heavy usage of tactical vehicles for this service increases the end-cost, contributes to higher vehicle deadline rate, and decreases the degree of vehicle material readiness in the Division.

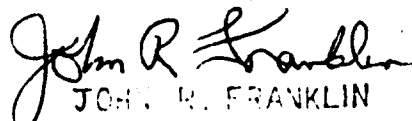
(3) Recommendation: That when possible commercial cargo and dump truck contractor service rather than organic tactical vehicles be used to perform bulk cargo hauling.

g. Communications: None.

h. Materiel: None.

i. Other: None.

FOR THE COMMANDER:


JOHN R. FRANKLIN
CGT, 2d IC
39

- 2 Incl
1. Div Organization
~~2. Changes of Command and
Staff Assignments~~

Incl 2 wd HQ, DA

CF: CINCUSARPAC, ATTN: GPOP-DT
CG EUSA, ATTN: EAGO-MH

Best Available Copy

7
CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

11 MAR 1970

EACICT-T (23 Feb 70) 1st Ind (C)

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 2nd Infantry Division for Period Ending
31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (R1) (U)

DA, Headquarters I Corps (Group), APO 96358

TO: Commanding General, Eighth US Army, ATTN: EAGO-MH, APO 96301

(U) This headquarters has reviewed subject report. The following comments supplement the report:

a. (C) Reference items concerning Operations, pages 5 - 7.

(1) Paragraph 2c(2)(a)4: Concur in conclusions concerning Line Sensor System as regards excessive personnel and maintenance requirements, verification delay and general unsuitability to the local area.

(2) Paragraph 2c(2)(b): Concur in conclusions concerning STANO System evaluation.

(3) Paragraph 2c(3): Concur in recommendation that high priority be given to installation of a barrier lighting system in the 2nd Division sector. At this stage of development of the barrier fence, this lighting is the single most important improvement yet to be made in increasing the effectiveness of the barrier as a counterinfiltration measure.

b. (U) Reference item concerning Commercial Cargo and Dump Truck Services, page 7, paragraph f. Concur. It is the understanding of this headquarters, that the contract was cancelled due to fund limitations imposed by higher headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDER:



FRED J. LESICA
1LT AGC
Asst AG

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

1st Ind (23 Feb 70) 2d Ind

Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period Ending
31 January 1970, AFS ODPOR-05 (11) (1)

Headquarters, Eighth United States Army, APO 96301 **13 APR 70**

To: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, APOF-21,
APO 96353

1. This headquarters has reviewed subject report and concurring
The following comments supplement the report.

2. Reference item concerning Operations, page 5, para 2c; and
page 8, para a.

a. Reference comments concerning line sensor system. Concur.
Military Equipment Research and Development Command (MERC) has been
advised of favorable final evaluation results of line sensor system
and Army request for withdrawal of subject equipment. It is
approved withdrawal of subject equipment by 2d Infantry Division personnel
and stated that technical assistance would be provided by Electronics
and Army Staff personnel, if required. 2d Infantry Division has
been directed to remove subject equipment and return line sensor
as soon as weather and ground conditions permit.

b. Reference comments concerning STAVO - Evaluation. Concur.
Final evaluation report containing conclusions and recommendations
as outlined in basic document has been staffed and concurred in by Eighth
Army. Command indorsed copy of STAVO I final evaluation report will be
forwarded through command channels to US Army Combat Development Command.

c. Reference comments concerning evaluation of barrier fence. Concur.
Eighth Army approved the ARPA barrier fence lighting concept and
in turn requested the Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA) provide
eight kilometers of DMZ barrier fence lighting by October 1970. In a related
action, Eighth Army favorably indorsed the 2d Infantry Division evaluation
of the current three kilometer section of ARPA fence installed in the
DMZ lighting sector. The ARPA Representative, Korea, has been asked to
request that ARPA fund the installation of eight additional kilometers
of ARPA fence. A total of 30 kilometers of ARPA fence have been offered
to Eighth Army by ARPA. If approved, action will be initiated to determine
suitable locations for additional ARPA fence installation.

3. Reference item concerning Commercial Cargo and Delivery Operations,
page 5, para 2f; and 1st Ind, page 3, para b. Concur. Use of technical

CONFIDENTIAL

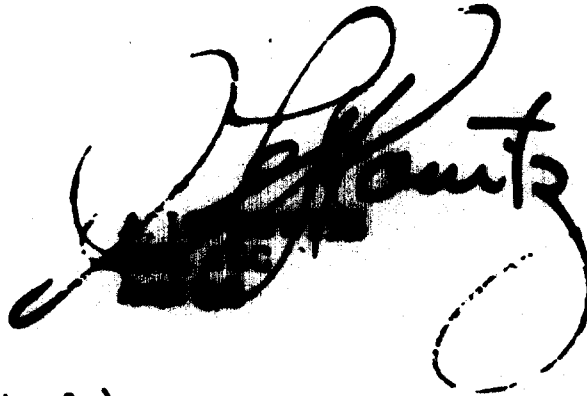
CONFIDENTIAL

AMS-24 (23 Feb 70) 2d Ind

IS 3301: Operational Report of 2d Infantry Division for Period Ending
31 January 1970, RGS CSFO.4-65 (d1) (U)

vehicles for general administrative purposes is not desirable. Reduction of contractual trucking services was a combined result of funding constraints and desire to make maximum utilization of administrative vehicles in Transportation Motor Pools (TMP). However, sufficient TMP assets were not available to satisfy all demands. A review of overall contractual trucking service support requirements for FY 71, in light of FY 70 experience to date, is now in progress. A continuing review will be made of TMP vehicle utilization in relation to contractual requirements to reduce overall use of tactical vehicles for general administrative purposes whenever possible.

FOR THE COMMANDER:



Copies furnished:

CG, I Corps (Sp), APO 96358 (Ind only)
CG, 2d Inf Div, APO 96224 (Ind only)

CONFIDENTIAL

GPOP-DT (23 Feb 70) 3d Ind (U)

SUBJECT: Operational Report of HQ, 2d Infantry Division for Period
Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (R1)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 28 APR 70

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the
Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:



CHARLES E. ZIMMER
Lt Col, AGC
Asst AG

SECRET

ORGANIZATION OF THE 2D INFANTRY DIVISION

1ST BRIGADE

1-23 Infantry
2-72 Armor
2-9 Infantry (M)

2D BRIGADE

1-38 Infantry
3-23 Infantry
1-72 Armor

3D BRIGADE

1-9 Infantry
2-23 Infantry (M)

*4TH BRIGADE

*1-31 Infantry
2-38 Infantry

***97TH (ROK) RCT

1st Bn, 97th RCT
2d Bn, 97th RCT
3d Bn, 97th RCT
298th Arty Bn (105)(T)
1st Recon Co
2d Recon Co (OPCON)
1st Engr Co

SUPPORT COMMAND

HHC & Band
2d Admin Co
2d S&T Bn
2d Med Bn
702d Maint Bn
2d Avn Bn
(less OPCON)

DIVISION ARTILLERY

1-15 Arty (105) (T)
7-17 Arty (105) (T)
5-38 Arty (105) (T)
6-37 Arty (155) (8")
1-12 Arty (HJ)

DIVISION TROOPS

4-7 Cav Sqdn
2d Engr Bn
122d Sig Bn
HHC, 2d Inf Div
2d MP Co
Counter Agent Co
2d MI Det

*1-31 Infantry from 7th Infantry Division under operational control of the 4th Brigade.

**Brigade Headquarters from 7th Infantry Division under operational control of 2d Infantry Division.

***97th ROK RCT from 32d ROK Division under operational control of 2d Infantry Division.

DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R & D

(Security classification of title, body of abstract and indexing annotation must be entered when the overall report is classified)

1. ORIGINATING ACTIVITY (Corporate author)		2a. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION	
HQ, OACSFOR, DA, Washington, D.C. 20310		SECRET	
3. REPORT TITLE		2b. GROUP	
Operational Report - Lessons Learned, HQ, 2d Infantry Division		6	
4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates)			
Experiences of unit engaged in counterinsurgency operations, 1 Nov 69 to 31 Jan 70.			
5. AUTHOR(S) (First name, middle initial, last name)			
CG, 2d Infantry Division			
6. REPORT DATE		7a. TOTAL NO. OF PAGES	7b. NO. OF REFS
23 February 1970		15	
8a. CONTRACT OR GRANT NO.		8b. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
L. PROJECT NO. N/A		701211	
c.		8c. OTHER REPORT NO(S) (Any other numbers that may be assigned this report)	
d.			
10. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT			
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY	
N/A		OACSFOR, DA, Washington, D.C. 20310	
13. ABSTRACT			